A cartoon illustration of a yellow emoji wearing glasses and holding an open red book. The emoji has large, expressive eyes and a slight smile. The book is open, showing white pages. The background is white.

Early Reading and Writing in EY2

Mrs Atkins & Mrs Wilson
9th November 2016

What is Phonics?

- Phonics is a method of teaching children about the sounds that make up the words in our language.
- At Broxbourne, we teach phonics by following the 'Letters and Sounds' programme, which consists of 6 phases. Phonics is taught daily in our Early Years and Key Stage One classes.
- Phase 1 started in nursery. Phase 1 involves children learning fundamental skills. These include:
 - ❖ exploring rhythm and rhyme
 - ❖ building listening skills
 - ❖ tuning into sounds around them
 - ❖ identifying initial sounds in words
 - ❖ orally blending and segmenting words.

What is Phonics?

- Elements of phase 1 continue throughout the other 5 phases.
- In EY2, children are taught phases 2 and 3. Some children will also begin phase 4 this year.
- During phase 2 children start to learn what letters look like and the sounds they make. For example, children will learn what the letter 's' looks like and the sound it makes. In phase 3, children begin to learn more complex sounds, made up of 2 or 3 letters, such as 'ch' and 'air'.
- We will now demonstrate how a new sound is taught in EY2. This involves:
 - ❖ Introducing the flashcard
 - ❖ Introducing the action and song
 - ❖ Exploring the 'sound tub' to look for words containing the sound
 - ❖ Modelling how to write the corresponding letter(s)
 - ❖ Blending to read words containing the sound
 - ❖ Segmenting to spell words containing the sound

How do I say the sounds?

- The DVD distributed to parents in September shows you how to pronounce most of the sounds children will learn this year.
- This website provides examples of how to say the sounds-

<http://www.oxfordowl.co.uk/>

- The following website also contains lots of helpful videos

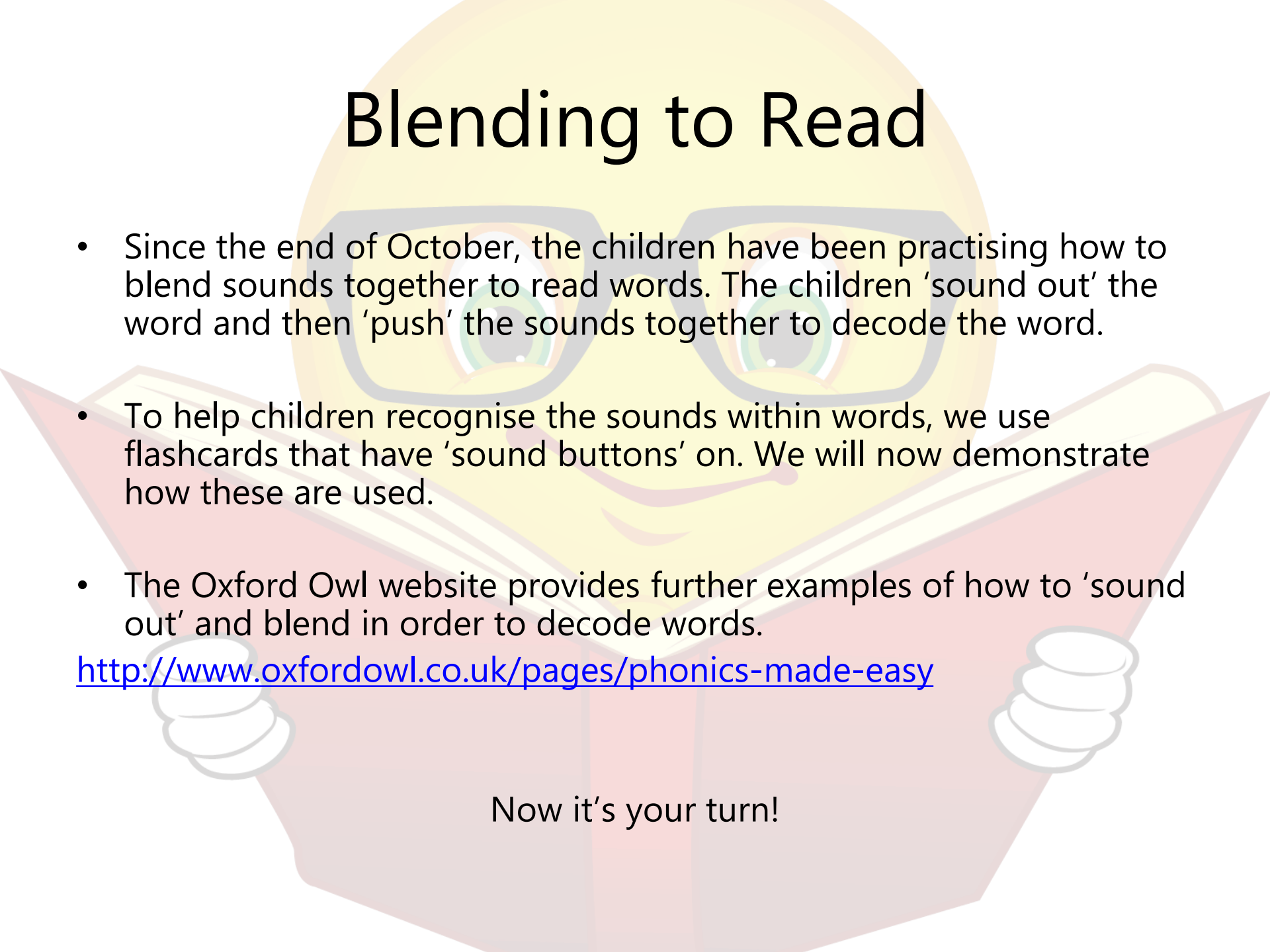
<http://www.mrthorne.com/>

Let's have a go!

How do I say the sounds?

- From now until Easter the children will be learning the sounds that are made up of 2 or 3 letters.
- We will now show you how to pronounce these sounds and the corresponding actions.
- As children learn the sounds they will be introduced to the names of the corresponding letters. Later on in the year and during Year 1 more focus is placed on naming letters correctly and knowing the order of the alphabet. Please do not worry about this too much at present. It is more important for children to recognise the sounds made by letters.

Blending to Read



- Since the end of October, the children have been practising how to blend sounds together to read words. The children 'sound out' the word and then 'push' the sounds together to decode the word.
- To help children recognise the sounds within words, we use flashcards that have 'sound buttons' on. We will now demonstrate how these are used.
- The Oxford Owl website provides further examples of how to 'sound out' and blend in order to decode words.

<http://www.oxfordowl.co.uk/pages/phonics-made-easy>

Now it's your turn!

Phonics Reading Books

- The children are gradually being given reading books with words in. Please persevere at home and read daily with your child. Practise really does make perfect!
- The phonics reading books sent home have some helpful exercises to complete on the first page. It is not necessary for children to read an entire book every night. Little and often is best.
- Can you blend to read? Work with another parent to read 'Sid Did It', 'Sid's Pit', 'Kit and Dog' or 'Dig, Sid, Dig'.

Other Reading Books

- From time to time, children will also be given other reading books to bring home. These books focus on the recognition of tricky words- these are common words which need to be recognised on sight and **not** sounded out.
- Before the Christmas holidays children will be given a sheet of 10 tricky words to learn. During the year they will be learning 60 of these words. Remember that these need to be memorised.
- When reading with your child, don't forget to talk about the book in order to develop comprehension skills.
- Children can be given new reading books on Mondays and Thursdays. Children will only be given a new book if it is clear that they have read their current one. Please initial/sign/comment to show us that your child has read. Please use the reading record to share any concerns you have about your child's reading book or to tell us if you would like them to keep a book for a few more days.
- When children read their 'home' reading book to an adult in school, this will be recorded in their reading record. Children will be exposed to a range of reading activities every day in our Phonics and Literacy sessions, allowing them to develop their decoding and comprehension skills. These activities are not recorded in their reading records.

The background of the slide is a repeating pattern of yellow crayons. Each crayon is oriented diagonally, pointing towards the bottom right. From the tip of each crayon, a red, wavy line representing wax extends outwards. The pattern is consistent across the entire slide.

Early Writing in EY2

Segmenting to Spell

- Children also use their phonics skills to support them in their early writing.
- In order to spell unknown words, children are taught to segment or 'chop up' words into sounds.
- We will now demonstrate how this is done using 'robot arms'.
- Let's all have a go! What sounds can you hear in the following words?

Spelling Tricky Words

- As children memorise and read tricky words they should also practise how to write them. This will boost children's confidence in writing as they will suddenly be able to write a number of simple sentences.

I went to the park.

We are in the shop.

Writing Writing Writing!

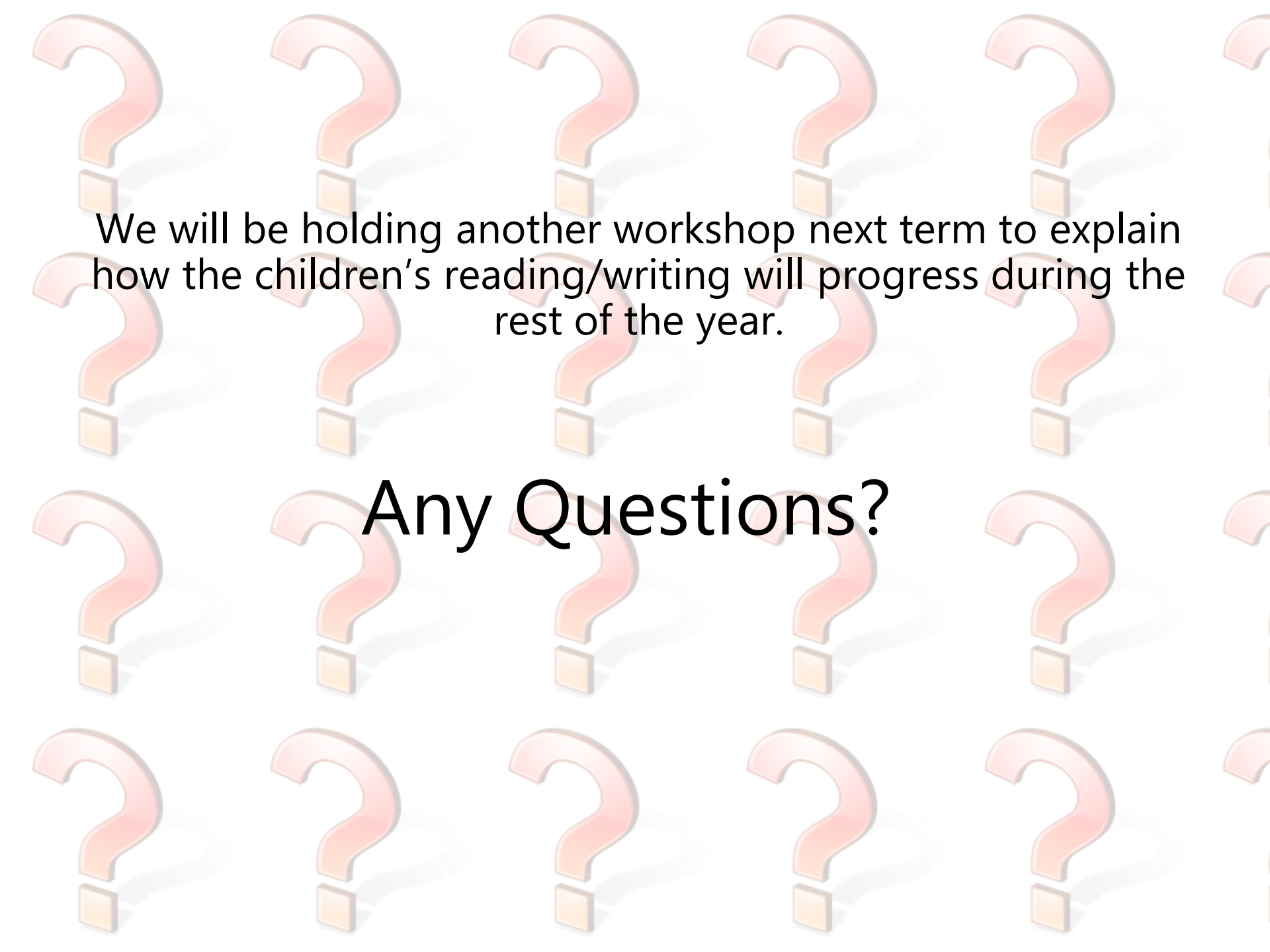
- During this year the children will be learning to write words, labels, captions, lists and sentences.
- Writing can be a daunting prospect for young children, so please encourage and praise your children in any attempts they make at recording their ideas.
- When the children learn to write sentences, we teach them 3 important things to try to include:
 - ❖ A **capital letter** at the beginning
 - ❖ **Finger spaces** between the words
 - ❖ A **full stop** at the end

Letter Formation

- At Broxbourne we teach children to write using a set script.
- In EY2, children learn the pre-cursive form shown below.

a b c d e f g h i j k l m n o p q r s t u v w x y z

- We will now demonstrate how to form these letters. Please encourage your child to use this script at home.
- A sheet showing the script will be given out today. Please ask if you ever need another copy of this.

The background of the slide is a repeating pattern of question marks. Each question mark is rendered in a 3D style with a light pink-to-orange gradient and a soft shadow, giving it a floating appearance. They are arranged in a grid-like pattern across the entire slide.

We will be holding another workshop next term to explain how the children's reading/writing will progress during the rest of the year.

Any Questions?